Level: Upper Intermediate Lesson: 23 Title: "Gossip"

Summary:

Denise and Lisa are gossiping!

Denise and Lisa are chatting over a cup of coffee. Listen to their conversation and answer the question that follows about the main idea.



Lisa:

I can't believe her, she's such a gossip!

Denise: Then, she started **interrogating** me...where I went, for how long, who with – it's a miracle she didn't ask me what time I brushed my teeth.





Now answer the following question ...

What do Denise and Lisa think of Pam?

They dislike her.

Now listen again to the dialogue in parts. After each part there will be 3 to 4 questions on some details...

Part 1

Denise:	You'll never guess who I just ran into!	
Lisa:	Uuhhmmm, I dun no! Gimmee a hint!	
Denise:	Well, it's someone we both know and unfortunately can't stand!	
Lisa:	Don't tell me!!! Pam West!!	
Denise:	You got it!	
Lisa:	Oh no, you poor thing! I can only imagine what	
Denise:	Yeah, after bragging about her wonderful Christmas vacation, she started telling me about some colleague of hers who got dumped on New Year's Eve	
Lisa:	I can't believe her, she's such a gossip!	

Now get ready to answer some questions.

1. Lisa says, "I dunno! Gimmee a hint!" What does "gimmee a hint" mean?

Give me more information or a clue

2, Denise says, "Yeah, after **bragging** about her wonderful Christmas vacation..." What do you do when you brag?

You speak too proudly about something you've done or something you own.

3. Denise says, "Some colleague of hers who **got dumped**... " What do you think got dumped means?

If you get dumped, it means your partner suddenly ends your relationship or breaks up with you (informal)

Now listen to the second part of the dialogue.

Part 2

Denise: Then, she started **interrogating** me...where I went, for how long, who with – it's a miracle she didn't ask me what time I brushed my teeth.

Did you t	ell her?
	Did you t

Denise: What? What time I brushed my teeth?

Lisa: No, silly! All the juicy details of your vacation.

- **Denise:** Are you kidding? I just tried to **evade** the questions by paying her a compliment.
- Lisa: Excellent strategy! She's so conceited and gullible; she'll believe anything you tell her about her looks.

Denise: So, what's up with you?

Now get ready to answer some questions.

1. Denise says, "Then, she started interrogating me...where I went..." What does "interrogate" mean? Who usually interrogates someone?

Interrogate means to ask a lot of questions in order to obtain information. The police usually interrogate suspects.

2. Lisa says "All the juicy details of your vacation." What does she mean by "the juicy details"?

"The juicy details" are the exciting or scandalous details of a story.

3. Denise says, "...I just tried to **evade** the questions..." When you evade a question do you answer it?

No, you try to avoid answering it.

Please visit our site at <u>www.hau.gr</u> to find the transcripts, explanations and activities.

GLOSSARY

Brag (verb-disapproving) is to speak too proudly about yourself.

(e.g. Bradley is always bragging about his high grades. It's getting very annoying.)

Conceited (adjective-disapproving) If you are conceited you are too proud of yourself and your actions.

(e.g. It is very conceited of Herman to believe his work is always the best.)

Dump (verb) is to end a romantic relationship (informal use). (e.g. His girlfriend dumped him on his birthday.)

Dunno is the short form of **I don't know**. (informal spoken form)

Evade (verb) is to try to avoid a question / task. (e.g. Please, answer directly and stop trying to evade the question!)

Gimme is the short form of **give me**. (informal spoken form)

Gullible (adjective-disapproving) If you are gullible you easily believe what others tell you.

(e.g. Poor Amy, she's so gullible! She'll believe anything you tell her!)

Interrogate (verb) is to ask a lot of questions in order to obtain information. (e.g. After the crime, the police interrogated all the suspects for hours.)

Juicy (adjective) describes information that is especially interesting because it is shocking or personal.

(e.g. I've got some really juicy gossip for you.)

Juicy is usually used to describe food which has a lot of juice, making it very good to eat. (e.g. juicy fruit / meat)

Kid (verb) (informal) is to say something as a joke, often making someone believe something that is not true

(e.g. I won the lottery! Just kidding!!!)

Run into (phrasal verb) somebody is to meet them by chance. (e.g. You'll never guess who I ran into today!)

ACTIVITIES

Activity 1

Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the words from the glossary.

1. A: "Where are we exactly?"

B: "..... Nothing looks familiar!"

2. I can't wait to see you and give you all the.....details of my date last night.

3. Would you stop......me? I don't know anything about what happened.

4. Oh no, there's Jason! I can't stand him! He's always......about how much money he earns.

5. A: You'll never guess who I......while I was shopping!

B: If you..... I might.

A: No clues! Try to guess on your own, I'm not saying anything!

6. She wanted to talk to him but he.....her by turning the corner.

8. You won first prize? You're!

9. Without wishing to sound, I am the best salesperson in the company.

10. There are any number of miracle cures on the market for people

Activity 2

So and such are used with that to show cause and effect.

- *So* is often used with an adjective or adverb (e.g. He was **so** hungry that he ate 3 burgers.)
- *Such* is often used with an adjective + noun (e.g. It was **such** a nice day that I didn't want to stay home.)

Fill in the gaps with so or such.

- 1. She was.....angry that she started screaming.
- 2. The fire spread.....quickly that it burned down the whole forest.
- 3. It was.....a good book that I read it in one night.
- 4. It was......hot that we couldn't go outside.
- 5. They are......good swimmers that they'll make it to the Olympic Games.

So and *such* are often used at the beginning of a sentence to intensify the meaning. When this happens, the rest of the sentence is inverted. Note that this is quite formal, or is used for dramatic effect.

(e.g. He was so bored that he fell asleep in the middle of the speech. So bored was he that he fell asleep in the middle of the speech.)

Activity 3

Rephrase the sentences using the inverted form.

1. She was so angry that she started screaming.

2. The fire spread so quickly that it burned down the whole forest.

.....

3. It was such a good book that I read it in one night.

.....

4. It was so hot that we couldn't go outside.

.....

5. They are......good friends that they do everything together.

.....

KEY TO ACTIVITIES

Activity 1

- 1. Dunno
- 2. juicy
- 3. interrogating
- 4. bragging
- 5. ran into/ gimme a hint
- 6. evade
- 7. dump
- 8. kidding
- 9. conceited
- 10. gullible

Activity 2

- 1. so
- 2. so
- 3. such
- 4. so
- 5. such

Activity 3

- 1. So angry was she that she started screaming.
- 2. So quickly did the fire spread that it burned down the whole forest.
- 3. Such a good book was it that I read it in one night.
- 4. So hot was it that we couldn't go outside.
- 5. Such good friends are they that they do everything together .